## Bicycle Theft Detection Motivation and Prototype

Dima Damen and David Hogg Computer Vision Group

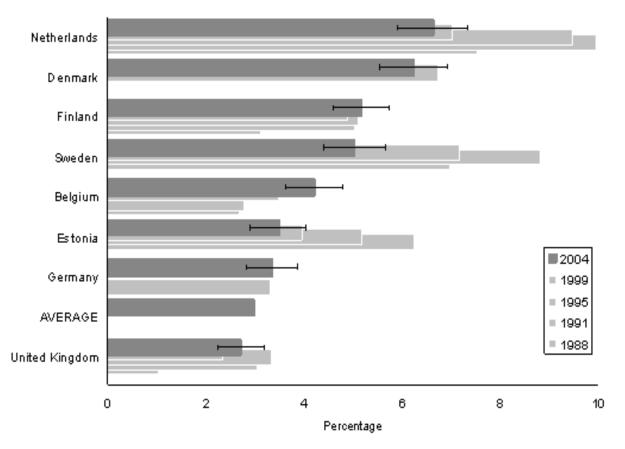




## Facts

- 500,000 Bicycles stolen annually in the UK
- 21,236 bicycles stolen in London (2006/7).
- 5% of the stolen bicycles returned to their owners. (2005)
- Highest rate of bicycle thefts in: the Netherlands, Sweden, Japan, Canada, New Zealand, England, Finland and South Africa

## Facts



Source: EUICS report, The Burden of Crime in the EU, A Comparative Analysis of the European Survey of Crime and Safety (EU ICS) 2005

## From the news...

- 7/6/2007: York (290 bicycle thefts during May 2007) city sets up CCTV cameras over bicycle racks.
- 22/6/2007: Oxford (1800 bicycle thefts during the last year) city sets up CCTV cameras over bicycle racks.



## From the news...

23/5/2007 – Catching Daniel Westrop...
*"have been stealing commuters' cycles, often two a day, for the past three years"*!!



Ipswich Borough Council Jan 22<sup>nd</sup>, 2008

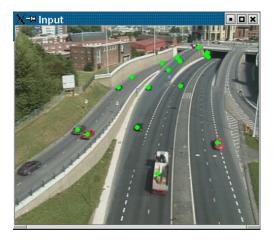
## What can Computer Vision offer?

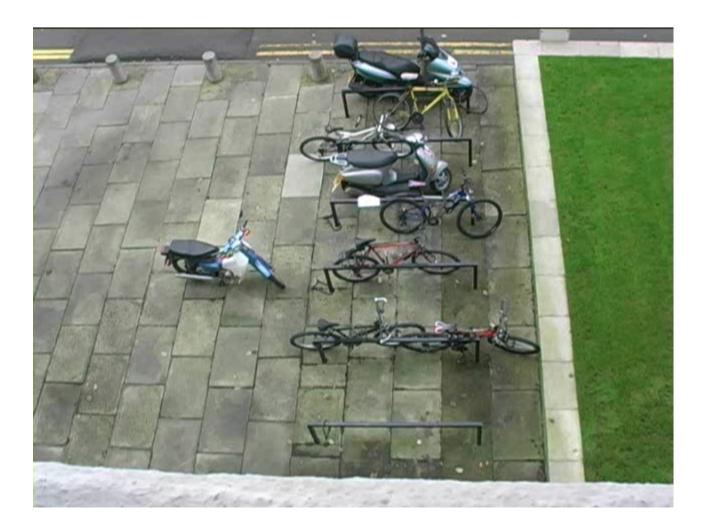
- Tracking
- Object Detection
- Change Detection
- Colour analysis
- We still Can't do
- Behaviour Analysis
- Night tracking

### Computer Vision at University of Leeds

• Over 15 years







# The approach...

### Identifying Sequences of Events...

Drop off 
$$\longrightarrow$$
 Pick up

Ipswich Borough Council Jan 22<sup>nd</sup>, 2008



### 1. Tracking People

- 2. Detecting Bicycles
- 3. Deciding on drop-off and pick-up actions.
- 4. Comparing colour information
- 5. Raising warnings



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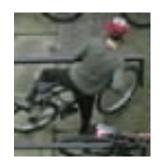
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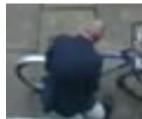






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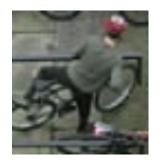










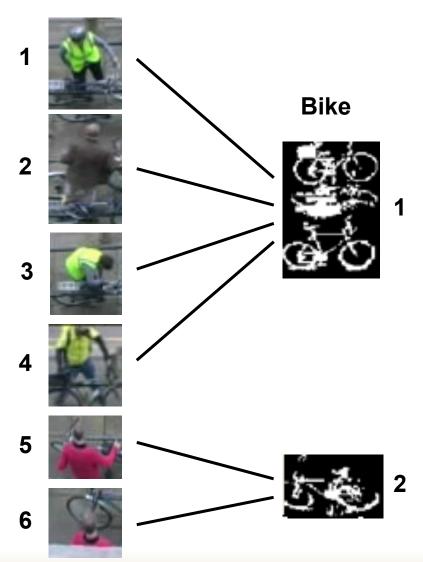






# **Resolving Ambiguities**

Person



Ipswich Borough Council Jan 22<sup>nd</sup>, 2008

# **Resolving Ambiguities**

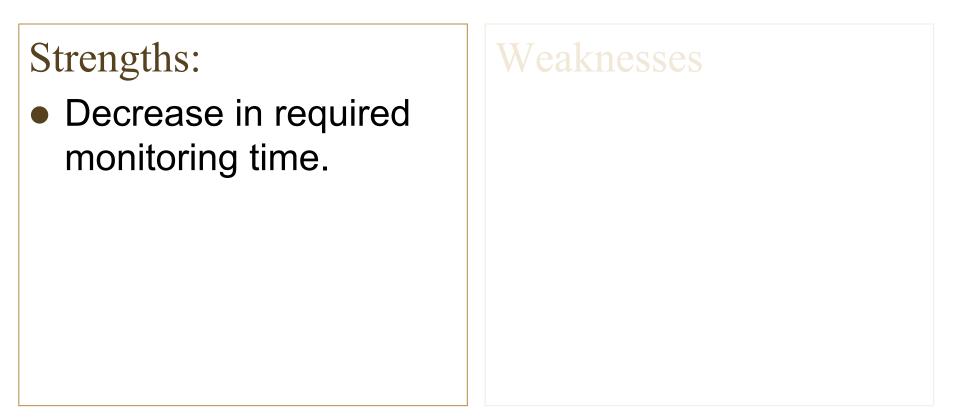
- Deferred Logic
- MHT
- MCMCDA

# **Experiments & Results**

- 3 experiments
  - 1 hour (45 events)
  - 50 minutes (22 events)
  - Full day (9 hours and 30mins) (40 events)

### Application to bicycle theft detection

	Predicted	
Actual	Thief	Non-Thief
Thief	11	2
Non-Thief	17	183



#### **Recorded time: 11 hours and 30 minutes** Warning time: 13 minutes

### Strengths:

- Decrease in required monitoring time.
- Raises warning, no action taken.

### Weaknesses

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### Weaknesses

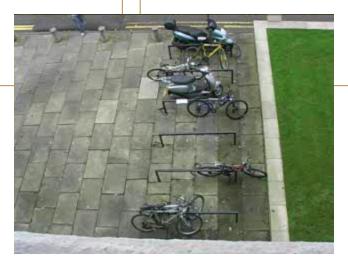
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### Strengths:

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- Does not detect suspicious behaviour.



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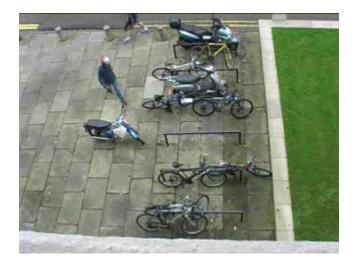
### Weaknesses

- Person changing clothing.
- Does not detect suspicious behaviour.
- Warning is raised after the bicycle is removed.

# System's Failure Cases

1. The thief wears the same clothing as the owner.





# System's Failure Cases

- 2. The thief drops another bicycle and picks a better one at the same time.
- 3. The tracker loses track of people as they pause
- 4. Theft cases of parts of the bicycle

# We actually caught thieves!!





# Conclusion

- 77% theft detection rate.
- 8.5% false negative rate.
- 1.9% of required monitoring time.

# **Publications**

Damen, Dima and Hogg, David (Sept 2007). Associating People Dropping off and Picking up Objects. British Machine Vision Conference (BMVC 07).

Damen, Dima and Hogg, David (July 2007). Bicycle Theft Detection. International Crime Science Conference. (CS2 07)

http://www.comp.leeds.ac.uk/dima